Appendix 1 Quarter 4 Board Assurance Framework Report							Birmingham				
Key:								NHS Foundation Trust			
deliver and be r	J SE 1: CLINICAL QUALITY Strategic Aim: To recognised for the highest levels of quality exhnology, information, and benchmarking	1									
CORE PURPOS	SE 2: PATIENT EXPERIENCE Strategic Aim: To decision making and enhanced engagement	2									
	SE 3: WORKFORCE Strategic Aim: To create a workforce for today and tomorrow	3									
Core	Risk Description	Current Context	Owner	Current Risk		Existing Controls	Assurances Internal/External	Progress/Action Required	Timescale		
Other association					Risk						
	Provides details of what the risk is	What is causing the resulting risk	Owner of the risk overall	Current Risk rating	Expected risk once all the controls and actions have been completed	What is currently in place to mitigate the risk	Examples of evidence that the existing controls and new actions have been implemented	Additional actions that need to be implemented to reduce the risk and update on existing and new actions	Timescales to complete relevant actions		
1	financial position resulting in a deficit being reported in excess of planned levels and the Financial Sustainability Risk Rating falling to a 1. This may be further compounded by the Trust's financial position following the UK's exit from the EU.  Any material financial deterioration against the Trust's financial plan is likely to result in a	The year on year impact of national tariff efficiency requirements, combined with changes to contract rules (marginal rates, fines, penalties) has increased the financial pressure on all NHS providers. The Trust reported a (£19.7m) deficit in 2015/16, this included £15.0m of building valuation accounting impairments, meaning the underlying deficit (including donations) was (£4.7m) slightly better than the plan of (£6.6m). This deficit reflects the loss of CQUIN, winter / resilience and specialised top up funding which were withdrawn in 2015/16.  For 2016/17 NHS providers have been allocated Sustainability & Transformation Funding (STF) to get them back into financial balance and set a control total surplus they were expected to achieve. The Trust's plan is for a surplus of £4.6m in 2016/17 which includes £16.7m of STF income and a challenging CIP target of (£18.2m).  Contracts have now been agreed with the commissioners for income in line with the 16/17 plan.	CFO	High (15)	Significant (12)		March 16, July 16, Oct 16) Financial Improvement Group meetings with operational divisions, quarterly reports Internal Auditors' Progress Report update to Audit Committee (April 16, July 16, Nov 16). Scheme of Delegation (review date 09/2017) published within Trust Policies and reviewed regularly.	successful, the Trust's overall 'control total' and annual surplus will reduce.  Quarterly review by NHS Improvement of Trust performance to approve the release of STF income.	Completed Completed Ongoing Ongoing		
	Risk of failure to deliver operational performance targets including Sustainability and Transformation Fund trajectory due to capacity issues.	The shortage of capacity is related to the volume of routine secondary care work, out of area referrals, delayed TOC, activity drift from other providers, inappropriate ED attendances due to perceived/actual lack of community provision, inability to repatriate patients to referring DGH.  The targets which are currently not being met are: -62 day GP target - cancer waiting times; -%patients waiting 4 hours or less in A&E - Last minute cancellations and the 28 day cancelled operations guarantee; and -18 week RTT	COO/ĐeP			Cancer Waiting List Assurance Group meets weekly and reviews the data to assess capacity and waiting time targets at the weekly Cancer Waiting Times Assurance Meeting which reports to the Cancer Steering Group and COOG  Unscheduled Care Project has been reviewed and strengthened. An additional high impact project plan has been developed to improve performance. This includes the following six key initiatives identified which come under the following broad headings:  1) Minors process 2) Ambulatory Major process 3) New consultant rota 4) Expansion of SAU 5) Development of departmental website 6) Implementation of SAFER care bundle  18 week RTT assurance group meets to assess whether targets are being achieved as well as reviewing and updating action plan to mitigate any issues  ODG oversees improvement projects to improve productivity and efficiency to improve capacity availability.	Internal: Performance against national targets and waiting list size - performance reports to COOG, CEAG and BoD (Jan 16, April 16, July 16, Oct 16, Jan 2017)	Actions within the Integrated Performance Report to continue to be implemented to enable the Trust to meet the trajectory agreed with the commissioners:  - % patients waiting 4 hours or less in A&E.  - Cancer Waiting Times - 62 day GP target - a commissioner remedial action plan is in place.  - Last minute Cancellations and the 28 day cancelled operations guarantee  - 18 week RTT - recovery plans in are in place	Ongoing Q2-2016/17		
						Development of an operational plan to increase bed capacity through a combination of efficiency savings and increased funding to resolve capacity and demand mismatch between available medical and physical medical beds.	Internal: BoD ED paper Oct 2016 and CEAG winter pressure report Oct 2016	Winter paper was submitted to CEAG which set out plans for increasing capacity during winter including the reconfiguration of 517 to have additional beds and the expansion of SAU.  Continue to roll-out the expansion of SAU during January and February 2017.	Q4 16/17		
1				Significant (12)	Significant (10)	Strategic modelling to enable theatre capacity to meet anticipated demand.	Internal: Performance against national targets and waiting list size - performance reports to COOG, CEAG and BoD (Jan 16, April 16, July 16, Sep 16, Dec 2016)	The seemless surgery programme has commenced (aim of the programme is to improve productivity in theatres).	Ongoing		
						Review demand from out of area referrals and put in place appropriate action(s).	Internal: CCQ papers and minutes (Sept 15, Nov 15, ,Feb 16, May 16, June 16). External: Agreement with CCCCG and SCCCG. Communications.	The NHS contract now requires all GP routine speciality referrals to be accepted. The Trust have for the specialities experiencing significant demand introduced a process that involves writing to the patient highlighting the subsequent pressure on waiting times and highlighting their right under the NHS to request via their CCG an alternative provider. Referral volumes from CCGs are monitored on a monthly basis via the Contracts team and any material movements are raised with respective CCGs. In addition the Trust gave notice to Providers and Commissioners that it will no longer be accepting referrals from out of Birmingham into particular specialist areas. These include breast reconstruction and bone marrow transplants	Ongoing		
						Activity Reviews. Short, Medium and Long Term Plans.	Internal: Monitoring figures for capacity via bed meetings and dashboards. Short, medium and long term plans. COOG ODG fortnightly meetings	Divisional monitoring on a daily basis at the bed meeting. Quarterly reviews of activity and growth. Short, medium and long term plans presented to the Executive teams by Divisions.  This continues to be monitored daily and is reviewed at fortnightly operational delivery group (ODG)  The following four sub-groups have been set up (all report to COOG) to look at improvements in patient flow:  - Scheduled Care - Unscheduled Care - Outpatients - Cancer	Ongoing		

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Appendix	1 Quarter 4 Board Assurance Fra	amework Report						Birmingham		
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	SE 1: CLINICAL QUALITY Strategic Aim: To recognised for the highest levels of quality	1								
videnced by t	echnology, information, and benchmarking OSE 2: PATIENT EXPERIENCE Strategic Aim: To	2								
	decision making and enhanced engagement	2								
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t tot purpose	workforce for today and tomorrow									
Core	Risk Description	Current Context	Owner	Current Risk	Residual	Existing Controls	Assurances Internal/External	Progress/Action Required	Timescale	
Purpose/ Other					Risk					
association										
						Recovery@Home is a 3 year pilot scheme with the aim of providing an element of acute care to patients in their homes by appropriate nursing and therapy staff with the view to creating 27-35 additional beds in the community. This increased capacity will allow a rebase of beds within general medicine.  Paper submitted to CEAS in January 2015 confirming the pilot is releasing bed capacity as well as delivering a positive patient experience.	Internal: Recovery @ Home, CEAG paper submitted in January 2015	Work is underway to identify further patient cohorts that can utilise the existing model. As part of the BCF there is currently a review of intermediate care, step up and step down capacity in Birmingham which will may lead to a new community based recovery team model. This would potentially incorporate the current step down-recovery at home service piloted by UHB. A worked up BCF model is expected in Q3 16/17 for consideration.	Sep-16	
	External factors impacting on the Trust's capacity and timely/effective transfer of care from UHB to other providers.	Social care/other provider delay. Drift from other providers, inappropriate ED attendances due to perceived/actual lack of community provision, inability to repatriate patients to referring DGH. Changing needs of patient population, commissioning intentions, strategic plans of other providers, inadequately funded quality initiatives	DOP			Attendance at key system forume including the Birmingham & Solihull System Resilience Group (SRG) and current crose regional forume including the Urgent and Emergency Care Network. The Trust is also a member of the recently established multi agency Birmingham & Solihull Sustainable & Transformational Programme. Alternative sources to prevent delays to discharge and systems have been developed to prevent delays to discharge and to provide appropriate arrangements for patients in Birmingham (e.g. Kennick Centre and Enhanced Assessment Beds) as well as	Birmingham wide daily capacity reports. Minutes of SRG, SRG-Task and Finish-Group and BCF(95) work stream.	We continue to work closely with BCC Adult Social Care concerning acute pathways that require social care input. This occurs at an STP level and A&E Delivery Board but also at a more operational with work on the delivery of a hospital based integrated discharge hub. The recent loss of c25% of out of hospital reablement capacity has had a major impact on hospital flow and DTOC rates. The Trust is working with BCC, providers and commissioners across Birmingham to identify alternative short terms solutions as well as developing a new new sustainable plan for out of hospital care. In addition, a pilot will comence during Q3 looking at developing a more therapy lead hospital based screening and discharge process for patients requiring social care assessment and out of hospital support. This aims to reduce waiting times for in hospital screening assessments and LOS albeit the full benefit of such a change will be in dependent on accessing appropriate out of hospital bed capacity.  The Director of Partnerships is now chairing on behalf of the Birmingham & Solihull A&E Delivery Board a task and finish group to review demand, capacity and operational		
		from NHSE etc.				placements for patients with dementia and challenging behaviour. Capacity funded by both Local Authority / CCGs.  Alternative sources to prevent delays to discharge and systems in place to ensure this capacity is effectively managed.	Birmingham wide daily capacity reports.	processes with the BCC reablement service. It is essential that this service runs effectively to ensure that patients are transferred promptly out of hospital. At present length of stay is too long and the referral and assessment processes too complex.  Additional alternative sources have been developed to prevent delays and to provide appropriate arrangements for patients in Birmingham e.g., Kenrick Centre and Enhanced Assessment Beds. Capacity funded by both Local Authority/CCGs and as well as placements for patients with dementia and challenging behaviour.		
							Minutes of (Birmingham & Solihull) BSOL A&E Delivery Board, and the STP Community Care First work stream. New capacity specifications.	The DoP is chairing a cross agency forum to improve complex discharge pathways out of hospital to re-ablement capacity both in patients' own homes or those provided with nursing and residential homes. A key outcome is the reduction in length of stay in re-ablement beds which will increase capacity and reduce waiting times to access these beds from hospital. ALOS for these beds has reduced from 42 days to 35 days during this period. It should be noted that the impact of this reduction has been masked by the loss of c25% out of hospital reablement capacity since Q4 15/16.  Potentially of impact on the current step down recovery at home service piloted by UHB. A worked up model is expected in Q1 17/18 for consideration.	Q1 2017/18	
						The Discharge hub has now been operating a year and has resulted in DTOCs- reducing by 40% in this period. The reduction was over 50%. However, the level of  reduction in DTOC rates has decreased in Q4 15/Q1 16 due to the significant  increase in emergency admissions and the increase in patient complexity and frailty.  This has led to referrals into the discharge hub rising by up to 25% in some weeks at a  time where hub capacity was reduced due to high sickness levels within the social  work team and annual leave over the Easter period. This was coupled by a number of  independent sector nursing / residential homes having closed colb beds out of hospita  reablement beds. This was due to both a provider decision to withdraw from the	ALOS has to date reduced from 42 days to 35 days	The strategy for out of hospital re-ablement is being developed as part of the STP out of hospital work stream.  Discharge hub is now set up. Overall delayed discharges have reduced as have overall bed days although there is further progress to be made.  Steering Group in place to develop combined Trust & Local Authority Complex Discharge Team.  A weekly complex case panel reviews and agree actions to reduce delay established.  New ward referral process introduced in June 2015 to replace section 2/5s to improve quality of referral and commence earlier intervention of Hospital/Social Work Discharge Team reducing delays.  Shortage of appropriate community facilities for patients with complex dementia remains a significant issue.	Ongoing	
1				Significant (12)	Significant (10	market and BCC suspending beds on quality and safety grounds. The chortage of appropriate community facilities for patients with complex dementia remains an issue.  A Patient Choice policy with a supporting process for communication of this to patients and relatives was launched in June 2015 with the aim of reducing discharge delays caused by relatives/patients refusing to use this capacity as an appropriate alternative to an acute bed.  A weekly complex case panel to review and agree actions to reduce delay has also been established.	A Steering group in place to develop a combined Trust and Local Authority	The STP Urgent Care in a Crisis work stream are in the process of reviewing the future model of re-ablement and intermediate care in Birmingham. This is likely to lead to current re-ablement capacity being provided out of a smaller number of homes. The outcome of this work should be available by Q1 2017/18 & result in a plan to streamline the re-ablement process & improve timelines. This will complement work underway within the STGP to review community rapid response, step up and step down capacity in Birmingham which may lead to a new community based recovery team model of discharge from hospital.  The Director of Partnerships is chairing on behalf of Birmingham & Solihull A&E Delivery Board (task & finish group) to review demand, capacity & operational processes with BCC re-ablement service. It is essential this service runs effectively to ensure patients are transferred promptly out of hospital into re-ablement capacity in nursing/residential homes. At present length of stay in these units is too long & referral and assessment processes are complex. LOS has now reduced from 42 days to 35 days with scope for further improvement.	Q1 2017/18	
						The DoP is also working with BCC staff in improving ALOS in out of hospital reablament beds. This work commenced in January 2016 and ALOS has to date reduced from 42 days to 35 days. There remains ecope for further improvement.  Internal Monitoring and Management of patients referred for social care intervention and CHC nursing assessments		The STP Urgent Care in a Crisis work stream are in the process of reviewing the future model of re-ablement and intermediate care in Birmingham. This is likely to lead to current re-ablement capacity being provided out of a smaller number of homes. The outcome of this work should be available by Q1 2017/18 & result in a plan to streamline the re-ablement process & improve timelines. This will complement work underway within the STP to review community rapid response, step up and step down capacity in Birmingham which may lead to a new community based recovery team models of discharge from hospital.  Whilst DTOC rate fell during 15/16 the position has deteriorated significantly during 16/17. This is primarily due to:  1. Reduction in out of hospital re-ablement bed capacity. Beds have reduced from c295 to 21. This has led to significant delays in patients transferring out of hospital.  2. Rising costs of delivering care in the independent sector has resulted in delays in social services finding an appropriate provider for complex patients at an affordable price. There is clear evidence that homes are more selective in patients they will accept to reduce both cost and risk.  3. Social care staffing capacity has fluctuated over 16/17 due to reduction on cover provided for sickness & leave as well as the loss of a cross-Birmingham superannuancy team. This has led to delays in allocation by social worker.  4. The challenges described apply to all local authorities so we have seen delays increasing across all.	Q1 2017/18	
						Chief Executive Officer corresponds frequently with NHS Improvement/Monitor/CQC.  The Trust 5 Year Strategy has been approved by BoD. Full paper on the Annual Plan and Operational Plan being submitted to April BoD and to Monitor in May 2015	Improvement/Monitor reports to BoD.	Continue with existing controls	Ongoing	
						Health and Social Care Bill. Commissioning support unit. Changes to NHS Improvement/Monitor. NHS England and local CCGs.	Internal: BoD reports and minutes (April 16, July 16).  External: Monitor validation of Trust financial and governance arrangements. NHS Improvement/Monitor Quarterly Governance Declaration (April 16) Annual Governance Compliance	Horizon scanning to identify consistency for Trust planning.	Ongoing	

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ore pose/ ther	Risk Description	Current Context	Owner	Current Risk	Residual Risk	Existing Controls	Assurances Internal/External	Progress/Action Required	Times
	including senior management (particularly academic consultants and doctors). This may be further compounded by the UK's	Junior Medical workforce of all grades (including Junior Doctor Contracts, ITU and theatre nursing staff, age profile of the healthcare scientist workforce and middle/senior management staff.  Brexit - approx. 8% of the NHS workforce is made of up of EU and Commonwealth member countries. The Trust currently employs 50 consultants who are EU nationals.	EDOD/CN	Significant (12)	Moderate (8)	The Strategic Workforce Group reviews all workforce issues. The Nursing Workforce Group and the Operational Workforce Group feed into the Strategic Workforce Group. The action plan for Health Care Scientists is also monitored by the Strategic Workforce Group. Austrance is provided by the papers from the Strategic Workforce Group, Nursing Workforce Group and Operational Workforce Group. The Strategic Workforce Group and Operational Workforce Group. The Strategic Workforce group meets bi-monthly.  Recruitment plan and package to address nursing shortfalls which includes overseas recruitment, support package for out of practice and returning nurses and increasing recruitment, support package for out of practice and returning nurses and increasing recruitment of Junior Doctor Review with governance through an Executive led Steering Group and CEAG to lead a review of the junior doctor workforce deployment Steering Group and CEAG to lead a review of the junior doctor workforce deployment system. Internal control systems which minimise demands on senior staff time.  Leadership and management education programme established for middle and senior managers.  Annual workforce planning process  NHS Elecet re-commissioned to work within the Trust to co-produce and deliver a second year programme of leadership and management training.  Specific leadership programme for the triumvirate of Clinical Service Leads, Matrons, Group Managers planned.  Talent Management champions trained and established with Talent Management embedded into revised appraisal documentation and policy.	minutes (July 16) Bi-annual reports to BoD on both HR and Workforce/Education (April and Oct each year) and Annual Workforce Report (July 16). Staff survey (July 16). Staff survey (July 16). Successful award and project outcomes. Training records and ESR. Education Directorate Senior Team meetings with Divisions. Education Directorate Business plans. Junior Doctor Steering Group reporting  Internal: Appraisal rates, senior management turnover rates; Regular senior team meetings, including periodic review of departmental objectives and of senior managers' individual objectives; internal audit review to confirm the reliability of financial records and compliance with Trust policies and regulations. Vacancy rates currently 2.5% for nurse with 19 vacancies in ITU (lowest it has been)	The Trust is currently inviting expressions of interest for the new Guardians of Safe Working. Post due to commence in August 2016.  Work is being encompassed into the CEAG approved Junior Doctor Review which is due to commence in Q4 2015/16 & complete in Q3 (2016/17). Junior Doctor rota review completed. Revised offer for Junior Specialist Doctors (JSDS) out for advertisement which offers rotations that are commensurate with Trainee Doctor training rotations & therefore offer a parallel route towards CESR. Workshop around Advanced Clinical Practice (ACP) to commence in Q4 to increase understanding across different staff groups of the value of the roles & successful model of implementation. ACP forum established to support development of potential business case / implementation plan for role.  Workforce Plan for 2016/17 under construction following work with the Divisions as part of the annual planning process. Workforce risks identified through this process under discussion with Divisions & support for remedial plans & escalation to HEWM completed Q1 2016/17. Junior Doctor Workforce Review has commenced with the appointment of 2 lead consultants to support required work streams. Work will include a review of non medical workforce solutions to mitigate current medical workforce shortages.  Workforce Governance structure agreed with revised terms of reference for overarching Strategic Workforce Group and its subgroups. Strategic Workforce Group will see strategic direction for the initiation and implementation of workforce with which is service profines. Strategic Workforce Group fully sighted on the current and potential fulture risk areas, current workforce performance against plan and oversight around the introduction of new roles and the annual workforce planning process. Nursing retention rates are notably good when compared with other organisations such as the Shelford Group  Workforce Planning outcomes for 2015/20 discussed with COOG and forward plan to incorporate workforce planning into the overall annu	Ongo Ongo Ongo Ongo Ongo Ongo Ongo
	Breach of regulatory requirements	Failure to provide specific information to Monitor or any other regulatory requirement	DCA			Mentorship and Coaching freely available through leadership portal on the website.  Top Leaders programme available through NHS Academy with sponsorship for additional bespoke programmes identified.  Trust Governance structure and processes  Governance Declaration	paper (oct 15, Jan 16, April 16, July 16). The Board of Directors (BoD) receives a quarterly paper outlining the Trust's	Continue with current process  The Board of Directors receives a draft annual report outlining the Trust's proposed annual governance declaration in March every year. This declaration is then signed off in the following May and submitted to NHS Improvement to ensure the Trust maintains compliance with its obligations. The annual Board paper is included as part of the Annual Business Cycle to ensure that the declaration is submitted in line with NHS Improvement's deadlines.	Oi
						Strategy & Performance Team	proposed quarterly governance declaration (Oct 15, Jan 16, April 16, July 16) Annual Governance Declaration  Internal: Board Meeting Minutes.	Strategy team responds to regular (e.g. quarterly declaration follow-up questionnaire), ad-hoc and consultation requests from NHS Improvement/Monitor in line with agreed timescales. Responses are agreed by relevant directors. Team briefs executive directors of risks and key information ahead of quarterly phone calls with Monitor. Details of any material discussions are included in quarterly paper or monthly.  NHS Improvement Monitor website is also regularly checked to ensure nothing is missed.  During Q3 2016/17 a central repository is being established to log all NHSI Requests.  Continue with current process.  the Deputy Director of Finance will arrange a meeting with Director of Corporate Affairs to discuss creating a central respository to log all NHSI Requests.	Qu Or
		Failure to comply with regulatory requirements due to capacity/performance issues				Monthly Service Quality Performance report submitted to CCG detailing performance and a progress update on any indicators that are off target. Regular contact is maintained with commissioners via phone and email to ensure any concerns are addressed. Also monthly Strategic resilience Group meetings (including Clinical Subgroup) and Contract Review Meetings ensure that commissioners at all levels are fully appraised of an assured about any performance issues. Action plans and trajectories are reviewed internally by nominated leads to ensure the are robust and will deliver to trajectory and monitored through weekly assurance meetings and monthly Cancer Steering Group.	BoD (Quarterly reports July 16, Oct 16, Jan 17)	- % patients waiting 4 hours or less in A&E - Cancer Waiting Times - 62 day GP target - a commissioner remedial action plan is in place Last minute Cancellations and the 28 day cancelled operations guarantee - 18 week RTT - recovery plans in place.	Q2

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Appendix '	1 Quarter 4 Board Assurance Fra	mework Report					Birmingham				
Key:								NHS Foundation Trust	, 1		
deliver and be re	I SE 1: CLINICAL QUALITY Strategic Aim: To ecognised for the highest levels of quality chnology, information, and benchmarking	1									
CORE PURPOS	SE 2: PATIENT EXPERIENCE Strategic Aim: To decision making and enhanced engagement	2									
	SE 3: WORKFORCE Strategic Aim: To create a lorkforce for today and tomorrow	3									
Core Purpose/ Other association	Risk Description	Current Context	Owner	Current Risk	Residual Risk	Existing Controls	Assurances Internal/External	Progress/Action Required	Timescale		
1				Significant	Moderate	Constant capacity reviews and monitoring of service provision. Out of area transfers are being identified on a daily basis and will be reported to the WMAS and Commissioners.  Additional capacity has been created - the Trust has opened over 170 beds in the last 18 months.  Seasonal planning.	Internal: Board Report Patient Care Quality Quarterly Report to include Infection Control updates (quarterly reports July 16, Oct 16, Jan 17) Cancer Waiting List Assurance Group meets weekly and reviews the data	Continue with existing controls and assurance as outlined in capacity risk above.  A recent letter from Redditch & Bromsgrove CCG has noted that to support Worcester Acute Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (WAHT) they will be looking to divert GP referrals away from WAHT for a 3 month period. A significant proportion of additional patients could be referred to UHB as a result. The Director of Partnerships has met with the CCG and weekly referral numbers will be monitored to access the impact. Any variation over agreed contract levels will be charged at tariff + to reflect the additional costs incurred to manage this activity.	Ongoing		
		Failure to adhere to regulatory requirements and national guidelines e.g. CQC - Cardiac Services, clinical audits, MHRA etc.				The Clinical Risk and Compliance Unit has processes in place to:  - manage national and local audits to ensure evidence shows compliance with that process.  - manage incidents and identify trends.  - manage new and existing NICE guidance to ensure there is evidence to show compliance and where we are not able to adhere to the guidance e.g. we do not provide the service, the medical director's approval has been obtained.  - manage NCEPOD studies and identify actions, in conjunction with the clinical teams in response to the outcome of the relevant study.  A quarterly report on compliance with the above is provided to the divisional Clinical Quality Group meetings and the BoD (see clinical compliance report).  A Cardiac Surgery Quality Improvement Programme (CSQIP) was established in September 2015 and since November 2015 the Senior Manager Clinical Compliance has been the project lead for the CSQIP. The CQC carried out a focussed inspection in December 2015 and placed 2 conditions on the Trust's registration following the visit.	Internal: Quarterly compliance reports to BoD (Oct 15, Jan 16, April 16, July 16) DCA Governance Group minutes National Audit presentation to CQMG (November 2015) Speciality audit programmes agreed in Q1 2016/17  Quarterly reported data to the CQC (July 16, Oct 16, Jan 17, April 17)  CSQIP project Plan, and Steering group papers and minutes  External: Letter from the CQC removing the conditions (May 2016)	Through the work of the CSQIP improvements have been made to the service and in May 2016 the CQC removed the conditions on the Trust's registration. The CQC requires the Trust to provide a quarterly update on progress with the project plan and provide outcome data.  Continue to deliver the work set out in the CSQIP project plan to improve the service.	Ongoing		
						The Trust is governed by several regulatory requirements and the Risk and Compliance Unit currently has specific oversight of the CQC requirements.  In light of the CQC focused inspection of cardiac services the existing compliance framework has been reviewed. The key changes to the new compliance framework are:  - focus will be on compliance at speciality level - additional measures have been identified to monitor compliance against.	Internal: Presentation at BOD seminar in May 2016 Quarterly compliance reports to BoD (Oct 15, Jan 16, April 16, July 16)	The new compliance framework was discussed at a BoD seminar and it was agreed that the framework should be piloted implemented in specialities during Q2 and Q3. The current pilot is due to be completed in August 2016. The Risk and Compliance unit are also working with Division D to support the ward level monitoring that is being put in place to ensure this feeds into the overall compliance framework.	Dec-16		
						Quality & safety inspections Inc. Back to the Floor, Board Governance Visits which	CQMG Reports on Board Governance Visits	s Continue with existing controls	Ongoing		
1	Failure to reduce the transmission of infection	Trust has had higher level of C Diff cases than the Trust's trajectories for 2016/17	CN	Moderate (8)	Low	An audit of current practice has been carried out which found the following had not been done adequately: Hand hygiene, screening of patients for MRSA, Device care (use of catheters), cleaning and decontamination and Isolating of patients. An action plan has been put in place which is monitored by the IPC Group.  All actions have been completed in the MRSA action plan that is reported to the CCG.	MRSA Action Plan and IPC Group Minutes Patient Care Quality Quarterly Report to include Infection Control updates (May 16, Sept 16) Infection Prevention and Control Policy approved until July 2018	Continue to monitor C Diff action plan at IPC group	Ongoing		
	Reputational damage due to negative media coverage.	Adverse media coverage due to unforeseen circumstances or events.	DCOMMS				Whistle Blowing Policy (valid until <b>07/2017</b> ), Contact with the Media Policy (valid until <b>05/2019</b> ), Code of Conduct (valid until <b>03/2019</b> ),	Relationships with local and national journalists developed. Staff are aware of procedural processes when approached by outside agencies. Communications team skills developed to manage adverse media. Stakeholder Engagement Strategy and Register.  The use of social media is important to counter inaccurate or unbalanced views published on the internet. The IT Acceptable Use Policy sets the standard for expected staff behaviours when using social media sites. The policy is currently out for stakeholder consultation.	Ongoing  Q2 2016/17		
				Moderate	Moderate	Proactive engagement as required.	Established relationships and direct lines with named media reps	Controlled media coverage around VIP visitors and patients from overseas. Limited negative press and balanced coverage in case of high-profile criminal/contamination cases covered by print and broadcast media  Continuing engagement with documentary and news crews to showcase Trust expertise and support campaigns to benefit patients, e.g. organ donation	Ongoing Ongoing		
2						Use of Emergency Preparedness Plan/Major Incident Plan to respond to adverse publicity or misinformation e.g. following national coverage of high profile patients from abroad	PR templates/media packages/contact lists to ensure right messages get to right people asap  Bi-annual Emergency Preparedness update Report to BOD ( 04/2016 & 10/2016)	Proven system for response with flexibility based on experience and in-house knowledge of media industry.	Ongoing		
		Media coverage due to HEFT merger may result in a risk to the reputational damage of the Trust as a result of inconsistent messages.	DCOMMS	Moderate	Moderate	Delivery of the Communication Strategy and associated Policies and Procedures.	Contact with the Media Policy (valid until 05/2019), Staff Code of Conduct (valid until 03/2019)	Inconsistent messages between the case for change to become one organisation with HEFT and the Sustainability and Transformation Plan may result in negative public perception. Communications streams are engaged to endure the right messages are delivered and that the Trust is engaged as possible and provide an oversight of this as far as possible.	Ongoing		
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Core	Risk Description	Current Context	Owner	Current Risk	Residual	Existing Controls	Assurances Internal/External	Progress/Action Required	Timescale		
Purpose/ Other association					Risk						
	Reputational/financial/organisational damage	Relationship with HEFT could damage the Trust's	DSO & DCA			The Trust is currently assisting HEFT which has been classed as requiring support.	Strategic Operational group minutes and	Board Seminar to discuss developments re internal relationships. Identification of opportunities and clarification of areas to pursue continues.	Ongoing		
	arising from commercial ventures or support provided to other Trusts	reputation if expected outcomes with NHSI/NHS England and other stakeholders are not managed				The Director of Corporate Affairs is leading the project team regarding closer collaboration with HEFT.	papers. The group meets every two months		Ongoing		
		appropriately. This includes the impact of Trust intervention at HEFT on the capability of senior					working practices and strengthening services				
		teams.					The intervention at HEFT is monitored directly by the Board through direct involvement of the Trust's Executive Team.	The Director of Strategic Operations and External Affairs provides updates to the Investment Committee every 6 months on the progress of existing projets as well as any identified future opportunities.	Ongoing		
							Investment Committee papers. The group meets every two months.				
						Stakeholder Engagement Workstream led by DCOMMS.	BOD Minutes (bi-monthly)	Recharge funding to support backfill where appropriate.	Ongoing		
l .				Madagara			Stakeholder Engagement Workstream				
1				Moderate	Moderate						
						Oversight by BOD.	BOD Minutes (bi-monthly)	Impact of intervention at HEFT discussed at BOD.	Ongoing		
	Failure in one or more components of business		MD			Full Business continuity plans in place.	Emergency Planning Policy and	Testing of business plans has taken place. Major incident testing has taken place. Validation of systems through major incident testing with external stakeholders	Ongoing		
	and IT systems, resulting in clinical service, department, equipment and/or staffing failure		IVID			Tun business continuity plans in place.	procedures. Emergency preparedness training for senior managers undertaken.	resulting of business plans has taken place, wajor includent testing has taken place. Valuation of systems through major includent testing with external staken bluers	Origonia		
							Emergency Preparedness Steering Group minutes. Reports from table top exercises.				
							Emergency Preparedness Risk Register.				
,				Low	Low	ISO 9000, Regular data backups and checks that the back-ups have integrity.		Documented and approved service management processes. EPSG reviews all the relevant risks and actions. All critical systems have been identified and internal testing	Ongoing		
'				25	25.11	Documented and approved service management processes.	Testing and action plans. Contingency printing of PICS is carried out daily in clinical areas and recorded on the Clinical	through table top exercises has been carried out and reported back to EPSG.			
							dashboard. Security standards and policies.				
							Validation of table top exercises by an external auditor. ISO 9000				
	UK exit from EU may have an adverse impact on the Trust in areas including:	Recruitment: (as above). This may be further compounded by the UK's exit from the EU	EDOD/CFO			For Finance generally and Recruitment - as above. For Research Funding and Contracts - under development.	TBC	Recruitment (as above): Flexible Workforce policies are also currently being developed by HR to retain our European workforce.	Ongoing		
	Recruitment	particularly academic consultants and doctors.						Contracts: a) Identify material contracts where the supply chain is located in the EU and not the UK.	TBC		
	2. Research Funding	Research Funding: UK's exit from the EU may affect Trust EU Grants.						b) Consider the potential financial and clinical impact for each contract.	TBC		
	3. Contracts for	3. Contracts for equipment/consumables/services						Research and Finance generally - under development	TBC		
1	equipment/consumables/services	4. Finance generally: (as above) The UK's exit		TBC	TBC				TBC		
	Finance generally	from the EU may adversely affect the Trust's financial position.									
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